SAFETY DATA SHEET

Hoppe's 9 Blast & Shine Firearm Action Grease Remover

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name : *Hoppe's 9 Blast & Shine Firearm Action Grease Remover*
Manufacturer Product Number : *P5718CT*
Supplier Product Numbers : *CD1*

1.2 Other Means of Identification

Other Identifiers : *Not Applicable*

1.3 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use : *Solvent used on firearms.*
Restrictions on Use : *None Identified*

1.4 Supplier Details

	Manufacturer Details	Supplier Details
Company Name :		*Bushnell Holdings Inc.*
Address :		*22101 West 167th St., Olathe, KS 66062 - United States*
Phone Number :		*1-800-423-3537*
Fax Number :		
Email :		*dangerous.goods@vistaoutdoor.com*
Website :		

1.5 24 hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : *Emergency Telephone Number (Hazardous Material/Dangerous Goods Transportation Emergency ONLY) Emergency number: 1-800-424-9300 (Inside US), 01-703-527-3887 (Outside US) - (CHEMTREC, Day or Night)*

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Flam. Aerosol 2	*H223*	*Physical Hazards*	*Flammable aerosol Category 2*
Press. Gas (Comp.)	*H280*	*Physical Hazards*	*Gases under pressure Compressed gas*
Eye Irrit. 2	*H319*	*Health Hazards*	*Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2*
Stot Se 3	*H336*	*Health Hazards*	*Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3, Narcosis*

2.2 Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms

GHS02 *GHS04* *GHS07*

Signal Word ***Warning***

Hazard Statements

H223 : *Flammable aerosol*
H280 : *Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated*
H319 : *Causes serious eye irritation*
H336 : *May cause drowsiness or dizziness*

Precautionary Statements

P210 : *Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.*
P211 : *Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.*
P251 : *Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.*
P261 : *Avoid breathing spray.*

P264	:	*Wash hands thoroughly after handling.*
P271	:	*Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.*
P280	:	*Wear protective gloves and eye protection .*
P304+P340	:	*If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing*
P305+P351+P338	:	*If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing*
P312	:	*Call physician if you feel unwell*
P337+P313	:	*If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.*
P403	:	*Store in a well-ventilated place.*
P410+P412	:	*Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.*
P501	:	*Dispose of contents/container to local regulations*

2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : *None Identified.*

2.4 Unknown acute toxicity

3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance / Mixture

Substance / Mixture : *Mixture*

3.2 Composition

Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Acetone	*67-64-1*	*>= 60*	*Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336*
Methyl Acetate	*79-20-9*	*10 - 30*	*Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336*
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	*78-93-3*	*5 - 10*	*Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336*
Carbon Dioxide	*124-38-9*	*1 - 5*	*Press. Gas (Comp.), H280*

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

**Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret*

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First-Aid Measures

General Measures : *Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.*

Inhalation : *Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist or if unconscious.*

Skin Contact : *Remove with soap and water, rinsing and repeating for 15 minutes. Use skin cream to counter any resulting dryness. Consult a physician if irritation continues. If large skin area is affected, remove contaminated clothing. . Wash skin with plenty of water.*

Eye Contact : *Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.*

Ingestion : *Do not induce vomiting! Immediatley have the victim drink plenty of water. Do not give milk or digestible oils Keep airways free. Contact a physician. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, unconscious, or convulsing. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.*

First-Aid Responder Protection : *Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.*

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms of Exposure : *Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Dermatitis, Central Nervous System Depression, Skin Irritation, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Optical Nerve Damage, Chest Tightness.*

Delayed Effects : *No known delayed effects.*

Immediate Effects : *Asphyxia.*

Chronic Effects : *Because of defatting properties, repeated skin contact can cause skin damage such as chap, dermatitis, inflammation and the formation of eczema.*

Target Organs : *Cardiovascular System, Central Nervous System, Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin.*

4.3 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to Physician : *Treat symptomatically.*

Specific Treatments/Antidotes : *No Information Available.*

Medical Conditions Aggravated : *May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.*

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing Media : *Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.*

Unsuitable Media : *Water jet.*

5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products : *Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors. See also Section 10.6.*

Specific Hazards During Firefighting : *Flammable. Contents under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in container bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to an ignition source.*

5.3 Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters

Firefighting Instructions : *Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat developed pressure.*

Protection during Firefighting : *Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.*

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel : *No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.*

For Emergency Personnel : *Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8.*

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions : *Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination.*

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Containment Procedures : *Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.*

Cleanup Procedures : *Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.*

Other Information : *Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be incinerated or burned.*

Prohibited Materials : *Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.*

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions : *KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst. Use only with adequate ventilation, opening doors or windows to achieve cross-ventilation.*

Hygiene Recommendations : *Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.*

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements : *Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120 °F), and away from heat sources. Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.*

Incompatibilities : *Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.*

NFPA 30B Classification : *This product is classified as a Level 2 Aerosol per NFPA 30B*

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)		
ACGIH	*ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)*	*5000 ppm*
ACGIH	*ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)*	*30000 ppm*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)*	*9000 mg/m³*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*5000 ppm*
NIOSH	*US IDLH (ppm)*	*40000 ppm*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)*	*5000 ppm*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)*	*30000 ppm*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)*	*9000 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*5000 ppm*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)*	*54000 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (ppm)*	*30000 ppm*

Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)		
ACGIH	*ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)*	*200 ppm*
ACGIH	*ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)*	*250 ppm*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)*	*610 mg/m³*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*200 ppm*
NIOSH	*US IDLH (ppm)*	*3100 ppm*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)*	*610 mg/m³*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)*	*200 ppm*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)*	*760 mg/m³*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)*	*250 ppm*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)*	*610 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*200 ppm*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)*	*760 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (ppm)*	*250 ppm*

Acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	*ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)*	*250 ppm*
ACGIH	*ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)*	*500 ppm*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)*	*2400 mg/m³*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*1000 ppm*
NIOSH	*US IDLH (ppm)*	*2500 ppm*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)*	*250 ppm*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)*	*1200 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*500 ppm*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)*	*1780 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (ppm)*	*750 ppm*
California	*California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)*	*3000 ppm*

Acetone (67-64-1)		
Biological Exposure Index	*Acetone in urine, End of shift (Ns)*	*25 mg/l*

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)		
ACGIH	*ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)*	*200 ppm*
ACGIH	*ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)*	*300 ppm*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)*	*590 mg/m³*
OSHA	*OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*200 ppm*
NIOSH	*US IDLH (ppm)*	*3000 ppm*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)*	*590 mg/m³*
NIOSH	*NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)*	*200 ppm*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)*	*590 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (TWA) (ppm)*	*200 ppm*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)*	*885 mg/m³*
California	*California PEL (STEL) (ppm)*	*300 ppm*
Biological Exposure Index	*MEK in Urine, End of shift*	*2 mg/l*

8.2 Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures : *Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.*

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye / Face Protection : *Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.*

Hand Protection : *Chemical-resistant gloves, tested according to ASTM F903 - 17.*

Remarks : *Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to the place of work.*

Skin and Body Protection : *For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.*

Respiratory Protection : *Respiratory protection is not anticipated to be needed.*

Compliance : *If needed, compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.*

Other Protective Equipment : *Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be used.*

Environmental Exposure Controls : *Avoid release to the environment.*

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Physical Properties

Boiling Point	*> 55.60 °C*	Melting / Freezing Point	*> -98.00 °C*
Flash Point, Liquid	*> -17.20 °C*	Flash Point, Propellant	*0.00 °C*
Explosive Limits	*LEL: 1.80 UEL: 16.00 vol %*	Autoignition Temperature, Liquid	*454.00 °C*
Flammability	*Flammable Aerosol*	Density	*0.819 g/cm³*
Molecular Weight	*Not Available*	Weight	*6.835 lbs/gal*
Vapor Pressure	*Not Available*	pH	*Not Available*
Vapor Density	*Not Available*	Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1)	*Not Available*
Viscosity	*Not Available*	Partition Coefficient (Log Pow)	*Not Available*
Odor Threshold	*Not Available*	Refractive Index	*Not Available*
Physical State	*Pressurized Product*	Heat Of Combustion	*11532.67 BTU/lb*
Appearance / Color	*Colorless*	Water Solubility	*Not Available*
Odor	*Slight*	Decomposition Temperature	*Not Available*

9.2 Environmental Properties

Percent Volatile	*97.00 % wt*	VOC Regulatory	*595.89 g/L (4.97 lbs/gal)*
Percent VOC	*8.00 % wt*	VOC Actual	*65.52 g/L (0.55 lbs/gal)*
Percent HAP	*8.00 % wt*	HAP Content	*65.52 g/L (0.55 lbs/gal)*
Global Warming Potential	*0.40 GWP*	Maximum Incremental Reactivity	*0.4480 g O3/g*

Ozone Depletion Potential	*0.00 ODP*		

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Reactivity : *No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.*

10.2 Chemical Stability

Chemical Stability : *This product is stable.*

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Reactions : *Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.*

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to Avoid : *Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Hot Surfaces, Heat, Flames, Sparks.*

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Materials to Avoid : *Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Reducing Agents, Strong Acids, Potassium t-Butoxide, Hydrogen Peroxide.*

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal Decomposition : *Oxides of carbon, Aldehydes, Formaldehyde, Methanol, Acetic Acid.*

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

Methyl Acetate (CAS: 79-20-9 / EC: 201-185-2)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	*6970 mg/kg (Lit.)*
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	*> 5000 mg/kg (RTECS)*
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	*> 49.28 mg/l/4h (External SDS)*
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	*16000 - 32000 (ChemInfo)*

Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1 / EC: 200-662-2)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	*5800 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)*
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	*20000 mg/kg (IUCLID)*
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	*76 mg/l/4h (GESTIS Substance Database)*

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS: 78-93-3 / EC: 201-159-0)	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	*2737 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)*
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	*6480 mg/kg (RTECS)*
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	*205 mg/l/4h (ChemInfo)*
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	*30200 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)*

Routes Of Exposure : *Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation.*

Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure : *See Section 4.2*

Skin Corrosion/Irritation : *Not classified*

Eye Damage/Irritation : *Causes serious eye irritation.*

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization : *Not classified*

Germ Cell Mutagenicity : *Not classified*

Reproductive Toxicity : *Not classified*

STOT-Single Exposure : *May cause drowsiness or dizziness.*

STOT-Repeated Exposure : *Not classified*

Aspiration Hazard : *Not classified*

Vaporizer : *Aerosol*

Carcinogen Data : *None of the ingredients in the product are listed with OSHA, IARC, NTP or ACGIH as being a suspected or known carcinogen in a concentration greater than 0.1% by weight.*

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity and Ecological Properties

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)	
Log Pow	*0.83*

Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	
LC50 Fish	*250 - 350 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr*
EC50 Daphnia	*1026.7 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr*
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	*> 120 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr*
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	*6100 mg/l Bacteria - 30min*
Persistence and Degradibility	*Readily biodegradable in water. Inherently biodegradable. Highly mobile in soil.*
Chemical Oxygen Demand	*1511.8 mg/g*
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	*1510 mg/g*
Biodegration	*70 % 28 Days*
BCF Fish	*< 1 (BCF)*
Log Pow	*0.18*
Bioacculative Potential	*Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).*
Log Koc	*0.68*

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 Fish	*5540 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr*
LC50 Fish	*8300 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h*
EC50 Daphnia	*8800 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr*
Persistence and Degradibility	*Biodegradability 90% / 28 days.*
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	*1.43 g O_2/g substance*
Chemical Oxygen Demand	*1.92 g O_2/g substance*
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	*2.2 g O_2/g substance*
BCF Fish	*0.69*
BCF Other Aquatic Organisms	*3*
Log Pow	*-0.24*

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)	
LC50 Fish	*3130 - 3320 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h*
EC50 Daphnia	*7060 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr*
Persistence and Degradibility	*Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions.*
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	*2.03 g O_2/g substance*
Chemical Oxygen Demand	*2.31 g O_2/g substance*
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	*2.44 g O_2/g substance*
Log Pow	*0.3 (Experimental value; OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method; 40 °C)*
Bioacculative Potential	*Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).*
Log Koc	*Koc,34; Calculated value*

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal : *Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.*

Waste Disposal Of Packaging : *In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.*

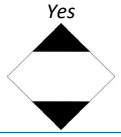
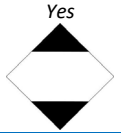
Landfill Precautions : *Not Available.*

Incineration Precautions : *** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **.*

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Number	:	*UN1950*	*UN1950*	*UN1950*

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Proper Shipping Name	:	*Aerosols, Limited Quantity*	*Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity*	*Aerosols, Limited Quantity*

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Transport Hazard Class(es)	:	*2.1*	*2.1*	*2.1*
Labels	:	*None*	*2.1 - Flammable gas* 	*None*
Limited Quantity	:	*Yes* 	*Yes* 	*Yes* 
EmS Code	:	*Not Applicable*	*Not Applicable*	*F-D, S-U*

14.4 Packing Group		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Packing Group	:	*None*	*None*	*None*

14.5 Environmental Hazards		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Marine Pollutant	:	*No*	*No*	*No*

14.6 Special Precautions

Precautions : *None Identified*

14.7 Transport in Bulk

Remarks : *Not applicable for product as supplied*

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Federal Regulations

SARA Section 313 : *This product or mixture is not known to contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.*

TSCA Section 12(b) : *This product or mixture is not known to contain a chemical or chemicals subject to the export notification requirements of section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and 40 CFR Part 707, subpart D*

CERCLA Reportable Quantity : *Chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of Section 102 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) if released to the environment at or above the reportable quantity*

Acetone	*CAS-No. 67-64-1*	*5000 lb*
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	*CAS-No. 78-93-3*	*5000 lb*

TSCA Inventory (United States) : *All chemical substances in this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption except for:*

15.2 State Regulations

California Proposition 65 : *This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm*

State Right-to-Know Lists : *The following chemical(s) appear on one or more state RTK (Right to Know) lists as indicated*

Carbon Dioxide (124-38-9)	*U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List*
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	*U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List*
Acetone (67-64-1)	*U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List* *U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List* *U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List*
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)	*U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List* *U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List*

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes :

Section	*Changed item*	*Change*
1	Supersedes	Modified
1	Change to Supplier Details	Modified
1	Revision date	Modified

Full Text of H-Statements :

H Code	*H Phrase*
H225	*Highly flammable liquid and vapour*
H280	*Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated*
H319	*Causes serious eye irritation*
H336	*May cause drowsiness or dizziness*

Disclaimer of Liability

The information contained herein is based upon data provided to us by our suppliers, and reflects our best judgement. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of such data, or the results to be obtained from use thereof. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of such application. This information is furnished upon the condition that the persons receiving it shall make their own determinations of the suitability of the material for any particular use. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards that exist.